

## **Technical validation checklist<sup>1</sup> for veterinary electronic submission<sup>2</sup> - Version 2.4**

Validation checklist for VNeS submissions, approved by the Veterinary Harmonisation Group (VHG).

There are two types of criteria: the pass or fail criteria (P/F) and the best practice criteria (BP).

Pass/Fail criteria are validation criteria that can either be passed or failed (see section 1 of the table below). VNeS submissions that fail to meet one or more of these criteria may be rejected, unless satisfactorily justified in the cover letter, and a replacement submission can be requested by the receiving authority. Any deviations from the P/F requirements of the e-submission guideline, should be discussed with the NCA, unless listed in the agreed list of [Exceptions to the VNeS format](#).

Best practice criteria are criteria which facilitate review. Failing to meet a best practice criterion should never be a reason for technical invalidation. The VNeS Checker tool supports verification of specific best-practice criteria and includes these in the VNeS verification report as “warnings”, so that applicants can produce VNeS submissions that are easier to use. These specific BP criteria are listed in section 2 of the table below. Note that the VNeS guideline includes many more recommendations for best-practices that cannot all be verified by the VNeS checker.

The user of these criteria is also advised to follow the development of future VICH file format criteria and to anticipate them, as important VICH criteria are likely to be implemented in further VNeS P/F and BP criteria, like sustainable and correct inter-document hyperlinks and font embedding.

Mixed NtA- and CTD- based VNeS submission: If (parts of) the quality documentation of the submission were accepted by the competent authority to be structured according to CTD, within such a mixed NtA- and CTD- based VNeS submission specific validation rules apply for location and naming conventions of CTD module top-level folders and module-specific TOCs (see below VNeS\_004, VNeS\_005, VNeS\_008 and VNeS\_009). CTD sub-folders, below m2 and m3, are exempt from CTD folder and file naming convention, i.e. they will not be checked. The folder path criterion (VNeS\_006) shall be established as a Best Practice criterion only, as the path length of a valid module 3 might be slightly longer than 180 characters once integrated into a VNeS root folder.

Remaining TOC criteria (VNeS\_010 to 012, VNeS\_BP001) apply likewise both to part- and module-specific TOCs.

File-level pass/fail requirements (VNeS\_002 and VNeS\_013 to VNeS\_016) as well as file-level Best Practice criteria (VNeS\_BP002 to VNeS\_BP005) shall apply also to files within CTD-based folders.

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<sup>1</sup> Note that this is a maximum list of validation criteria

<sup>2</sup> See *Guideline on the specifications for provision of an electronic submission (e-submission) for a veterinary medicinal product*  
<http://esubmission.ema.europa.eu/tiges/vetesub.htm>

1) Pass / Fail criteria:

ID	P/F Validation Criterion	Comments on Validation Check
VNeS_001	<p><b><u>Security settings</u></b> No type of security on the media or individual folders</p>	<p>It is not permitted to apply password protection to either the media carrying the files or any folder. Hard media - If the hard media cannot be read then validation failed. Folders - all folders must be able to open. If not then validation failed.</p>
VNeS_002	<p><b><u>Security settings</u></b> No type of security on individual files</p>	<p>Individual files should not be password protected so as to prevent access (i.e. files should be possible to be opened). Additional security settings (e.g. copy-protection due to copyright issues or as used in the electronic application form) are out of scope of the technical validation check.</p>
VNeS_003	<p><b><u>Virus free</u></b></p>	<p>Ensure that suitable antivirus software is installed that automatically recognises infected files once they are accessed or copied. To avoid false positive results as potential cause of a rejection of a submission a confirmation of the finding may need to be requested from the antivirus software provider.</p>
VNeS_004	<p><b><u>Folder structure:</u></b> Follows folder structure defined in guideline<sup>3</sup></p>	<p>Any folder-structured submission that follows the full or parts of the NtA dossier structure</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Initial MAAs or Extension Applications</li> <li>- ASMF</li> <li>- Variations</li> <li>- Renewals</li> </ul> <p>For these submissions, additional folders which are <u>not specified</u> in the guidance result in validation failure.</p> <p>Issues not resulting in validation failure:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- The absence of a 'root' folder for file submissions containing a single concatenated PDF file and the eAF.</li> <li>- Missing level 1, 2 and 3 folders, as empty / not relevant folders should be deleted by the applicant. If during scientific validation it is noticed that folders are missing it will be dealt with at this stage.</li> <li>- Use of different folder structures for PSUR submissions, dossiers for referral procedures and other submissions.</li> </ul>

<sup>3</sup> See: e-submission guideline, Table 1 for pharmaceuticals, Table 2 for immunologicals and Table 3 for MRL applications, <http://esubmission.ema.europa.eu/tiges/vetesub.htm>

ID	P/F Validation Criterion	Comments on Validation Check
		If for the quality part of the submission (part of) the CTD structure applies, the top-level CTD folders m2 and m3 should be located in the VNeS root directory.
<b>VNeS_005</b>	<b>Folder structure:</b> Follows names defined in guideline <sup>4</sup>	If (part of) the NtA structure applies ( <b>VNeS_004</b> ), naming convention should be observed for all folder names.  If for the quality part of the submission (part of) the CTD structure applies (VNeS_004), naming conventions should be observed for module 2 and 3 folder names. These folder names have a fixed component ("m2" and "m3") optionally followed by a hyphen and a variable folder name component, e.g. "m3-substance1").
<b>VNeS_006</b>	<b>Folder Path Length:</b> Total length does not exceed 180 characters	Path starting from the "root" folder and including all folder names, file name and file name extension (e.g. "root-mydrug\p1\1a-admin-info\applicationform.pdf").  If (parts of) the quality documentation is structured according to CTD, the folder path criterion (VNeS_006) shall be established as a Best Practice criterion only, as the path length of a valid module 3 might be slightly longer than 180 characters once integrated into a VNeS root folder.
<b>VNeS_007</b>	<b>General Table of Contents (GTOC):</b> A General TOC file is situated within the root folder of the VNeS structure	General table of contents (GTOC) is present in the root directory ( <b>LEVEL 1</b> ).  In case of very small submissions consisting of only a single concatenated PDF file and the eAF, no separate GTOC needs to be created.
<b>VNeS_008</b>	<b>Table of Contents (TOC):</b> A TOC file is situated within the correct folder for each part of the dossier	If a TOC is present it is located in the top level folder of each dossier part ( <b>LEVEL 2</b> ).  In case of immunological products, the contents of Part 3E 'Assessment for products containing or consisting of GMOs' may be covered by a separate TOC for this subpart ( <b>LEVEL 3</b> ).  In case of mixed NtA/CTD-structured submissions any module-specific TOC is likewise located in the top level folder of each dossier module ( <b>LEVEL 2</b> ).

<sup>4</sup> See: e-submission guideline, Table 1 for pharmaceuticals, Table 2 for immunologicals and Table 3 for MRL applications.

ID	P/F Validation Criterion	Comments on Validation Check
<b>VNeeS_009</b>	<b>Table of Contents:</b> Naming convention	<p>Naming convention for general table of contents (GTOC): <b><i>gtoc.pdf</i></b>  Naming convention for TOC in the top level folder of each part:  <b><i>p1-toc.pdf, p2-toc.pdf, p3-toc.pdf and p4-toc.pdf</i></b>  TOC in Part3E of immunological products: <b><i>p3e-toc.pdf</i></b></p> <p>In case of mixed NtA/CTD-structured submissions naming conventions for TOCs in the top level folder of module 2 and module 3 are <b><i>m2-toc.pdf</i></b> and <b><i>m3-toc.pdf</i></b>.</p> <p>Only files following this naming convention can be checked by the VNeeS checker tool.</p>
<b>VNeeS_010</b>	<b>Table of Contents:</b> The GTOC should be a complete index to the whole dossier either referring directly to content documents or via the part-specific TOCs	<p>The GTOC should be a complete index of the whole dossier, either directly to individual files or to the part-specific TOCs. In case both GTOC and the part-specific TOCs are hyperlinked in parallel to all indexed documents, this will not invalidate the submission.  There should not be any hyperlinks to documents in the "add-info" folder.</p>
<b>VNeeS_011</b>	<b>Table of Contents:</b> GTOC and TOC include navigation features for efficient electronic navigation	<p>The GTOC should use hyperlinks directly to documents or to part-specific TOCs.  The GTOC should be hyperlinked to any part-specific TOCs. TOCs of each part provide hyperlinks to all indexed documents.  In case both GTOC and the part-specific TOCs are hyperlinked in parallel to all indexed documents, this will not invalidate the submission.  There should not be any hyperlinks to documents in the "add-info" folder.<sup>5</sup></p>

<sup>5</sup> Alternative methods (such as the use of bookmarks within one document or hyperlinks between specific documents, e.g. from reports to annexes) can be used, if they assure equivalent efficiency of navigation, but these may not be supported by the VNeeS checker.

ID	P/F Validation Criterion	Comments on Validation Check
<b>VNeeS_012</b>	<p><b>Table of Contents:</b> Hyperlinks in the GTOC and TOC are functional</p>	<p>Hyperlinks must be relative, and functional. In the GTOC/TOC this should be observed for all hyperlinks. Hyperlinks should only be made to documents inside the same VNeeS submission and not to external sources.</p> <p>All hyperlinks and bookmarks between two PDFs must be configured as specified in ISO 32000-1:2008. Consult the PDF specifications as in ISO 32000-1:2008 for section 7.11.2.3 on how the paths need to be written in PDF. The paths cannot contain back slashes, only forward slashes.</p> <p>Please note, not all PDF tools correctly display the path for the link with forward slashes, thus the presence of a backslash in a link as displayed in a PDF viewer or editor does not necessarily mean that the link is NOT according to the ISO specifications. Therefore, tests for backslashes must be performed in VNeeS validation software.</p> <p>This criterion is important because links that are not according to section 7.11.2.3 may not work on certain devices, such as non-Windows operating systems or tablets.</p>
<b>VNeeS_013</b>	<p><b>File format:</b> File format is PDF</p>	<p>PDF format for all normally visible files (with exception of any files in the folder "add-info" which are out of scope of technical validation).</p> <p>File names should have the proper extension (i.e. ".pdf").</p> <p>Note that a best-practice check for the presence of hidden files is done as well (VNeeS_BP005).</p>
<b>VNeeS_014</b>	<p><b>File format:</b> Files have been created and saved as PDF 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, or PDF 1.7</p>	<p>For PDF files with apparent versions of 1.3 or earlier, the version information should be taken from the first eight characters from the first line of the header in the file. For versions 1.4 and higher, the version should be taken from the document catalogue dictionary, if present. If both the header information and the catalogue information are present, then the document catalogue dictionary information takes precedent, see PDF 32000-1:2008 specification, chapter 7.5.2 for further details.</p> <p>This test is important to ensure that PDF files can be correctly opened and read by assessors.</p>

<b>ID</b>	<b>P/F Validation Criterion</b>	<b>Comments on Validation Check</b>
<b>VNeeS_015</b>	<b>File names:</b> No prohibited characters used	The file name should not contain any 'special' characters; only alphanumeric characters (characters a-z, digits 0-9) and hyphens are allowed. Use of <u>upper case characters</u> would not lead to invalidation.
<b>VNeeS_016</b>	<b>Files:</b> The submission does not contain corrupted files	This check can be achieved by opening a PDF file in software which is compliant to ISO 32000-1:2008; if the file opens without error, the PDF file is considered to be conformant. Absence of detection of conformance means corrupted PDF.

Based upon the full compliance of the P/F criteria above (except VNeeS\_003), the VNeeS checker tool provides a conclusion (i.e. technically valid or technically invalid) on top of the report. This conclusion is to be used together with the output of the updated virus scan to have the final conclusion.

## 2) Best Practice criteria

<b>ID</b>	<b>BP Criterion</b>	<b>Comments on Verification Check</b>
<b>VNeeS_BP001</b>	<b>Table of Contents (TOC):</b> A TOC file is present for each part of the dossier	The applicant must provide a complete index to the whole dossier either referring directly to content documents in a GTOC or via additional part-specific TOCs. The presence of part-specific TOCs as such is no P/F criterion.
<b>VNeeS_BP002</b>	<b>Individual file size</b> File size of a single file should be limited to 100 MB	Large files are more difficult to handle by users/reviewers and may impose practical limitations with downloads from common repositories.
<b>VNeeS_BP003</b>	<b>Mechanisms used for making inter-document hyperlinks</b> Only GotoR actions allowed between PDF documents	Hyperlinks should neither be made with JavaScript code in the PDF nor with executable file launches. Instead, inter-document hyperlinks should always be provided as specified in ISO 32000-1:2008, section 12.6.4.3 "Remote Go-To Actions" (GoToR), i.e. as an action to jump to a page view of another ("remote") PDF file.  Use of executable file launches would currently not lead to invalidation but lead to a warning by the VNeeS checker tool, as such types of hyperlinks may raise IT security concerns or may be lost during archiving processes (conversion to PDF/A). This criterion is both valid for hyperlinks from tables of contents as for hyperlinks between other PDF's in the dossier. Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) actions are exceptionally

ID	BP Criterion	Comments on Verification Check
		allowed.
<b>VNeeS_BP004</b>	<p><b>Font embedding</b> Every font used for visible text should be embedded within the PDF file</p>	<p>Literature files can be exempted from this criterion, if the prefix "lit-" is added to their file name.</p> <p>Only embedding of the subset of characters actually used in a given font is required. Embedding complete fonts needlessly increases the size of the PDF file.</p> <p>Invisible fonts used in scanned documents for creating searchable text by an Optical Character Recognition (OCR) routine may be embedded but are exempted from a best practice requirement. Note that the VNeeS checker does list all unembedded fonts. This warning therefore can be ignored for files where in exceptional cases OCR had been used.</p> <p>Please note that all embedded fonts must also be legally embeddable, i.e. licence agreements must allow unlimited embedding into the PDF file, either fully or as a subset, for the purpose of printing or viewing the document. Subsetting and use of commonly used fonts is recommended from a copyright perspective. However, the VNeeS checker cannot verify whether fonts are also legally embeddable.</p> <p>The test is skipped for PDF/A-compliant files as these files already fulfill this criterion. The VNeeS checker verifies PDF/A compliance by checking the PDF/A metadata (pdfaid entries).</p>
<b>VNeeS_BP005</b>	<p><b>File format:</b> Presence of hidden files</p>	<p>In a file system specific files or folders do not display by default. Such hidden files like Microsoft Office temporary files (~\$filename.doc) or MS Windows hidden files (e.g. thumbs.db) may appear also in a folder structure to be submitted. These files should be deleted to avoid unintended transfer of such files and the information contained. To see all protected system files that are usually hidden from view, advanced file and folder settings in the MS Windows Control Panel need to be adapted accordingly.</p> <p>Technical validation with the VNeeS checker tool will usually detect such hidden files. Note however that files in the "add-info" folder are not subject to validation, and that access to dossier files after final validation may create again new temporary files.</p>